

Mole Ratios and Limiting Reactants

Student Worksheet | g09_u08_w31

I can: use a balanced equation as a particle recipe, then as a mole ratio, to identify a limiting reactant.

Frozen values: Classroom calculation values from `audits/atomic_masses_v2024.1.json`, derived from CIAAW/IUPAC Standard Atomic Weights 2024 (accessed 2026-07-26). H 1.008, C 12.011, O 15.999, Mg 24.305. Use provided paper data only; sources in `sources.md`.

1. For $2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, state the particle recipe in words.

2. With 6 H_2 particles and 3 O_2 particles, how many H_2O particles form? leftovers?

3. With 8 H_2 and 3 O_2 , identify the limiting particle and product particles.

4. Write the three mole ratios available from $2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

5. Convert 4.00 mol H_2 to mol H_2O using a factor-label ratio.

6. Convert 3.00 mol O_2 to mol H_2O .

7. If 5.00 mol H_2 reacts with 3.00 mol O_2 , identify the limiting reactant and mol H_2O .

8. For $\text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NH}_3$, state the recipe and mole ratio $\text{H}_2:\text{NH}_3$.

9. Convert 9.00 mol H_2 to mol NH_3 .

10. With 4.00 mol N_2 and 9.00 mol H_2 , identify the limiter and mol NH_3 .

11. For $2\text{Mg} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{MgO}$, convert 6.00 mol Mg to mol MgO.

12. With 5.00 mol Mg and 3.00 mol O_2 , identify the limiter and mol MgO.

13. Convert 4.00 mol MgO to g MgO using frozen masses.

14. Convert 12.0 g Mg to mol Mg, then predict mol MgO if O₂ is excess.

15. **Data card A:** 12.0 g Mg and 10.0 g O₂ are listed. Convert both to mol and identify the limiting reactant for $2\text{Mg} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{MgO}$.

16. Using item 15, predict theoretical g MgO.

17. **Data card B:** 4.00 mol H₂ and 1.50 mol O₂ are supplied. Calculate leftover mol of the excess reactant.

18. Explain why the limiting reactant is not “used up atoms” but the reactant that runs out first under the recipe ratio.

19. A student compares 2.00 mol Mg with 1.50 mol O₂ and says O₂ limits because 1.50 is smaller. Critique using the recipe ratio.

20. **Data card C:** An open-cup product mass is lower than the theoretical prediction. Explain why this does not change the balanced mole ratio or mean atoms vanished.
